

⚠ WARNING

Electrical Shock Hazard
 Disconnect power before servicing.
 Replace all parts and panels before operating.
 Failure to do so can result in death or electrical shock.

IMPORTANT**Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitive Electronics**

ESD problems are present everywhere. ESD may damage or weaken the machine control electronics. The new control assembly may appear to work well after repair is finished, but failure may occur at a later date due to ESD stress.

- Use an anti-static wrist strap. Connect wrist strap to green ground connection point or unpainted metal in the appliance
 -OR-
 Touch your finger repeatedly to a green ground connection point or unpainted metal in the appliance.
- Before removing the part from its package, touch the anti-static bag to a green ground connection point or unpainted metal in the appliance.
- Avoid touching electronic parts or terminal contacts; handle machine control electronics by edges only.
- When repackaging failed machine control electronics in anti-static bag, observe above instructions.

DIAGNOSTIC GUIDE

Before servicing, check the following:

- Make sure there is power at the wall outlet.
- Has a household fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped? Was a regular fuse used? Use a time-delay fuse.
- Is dryer vent properly installed and clear of lint or obstructions?
- All tests/checks should be made with a VOM (volt-ohm-milliammeter) or DVM (digital-voltmeter) having a sensitivity of 20 000 Ω per volt DC or greater.
- Check all connections before replacing components. Look for broken or loose wires, failed terminals, or wires not pressed into connectors far enough.
- A potential cause of a control not functioning is corrosion on connections. Observe connections and check for continuity with an ohmmeter.
- Connectors: Look at top of connector. Check for broken or loose wires. Check for wires not pressed into connector far enough to engage metal barbs.
- Resistance checks must be made with dryer unplugged or power disconnected.

DIAGNOSTIC TESTS

These tests allow factory or service personnel to test and verify all inputs to the machine control electronics. You may want to do a quick and overall checkup of the dryer with these tests before going to specific troubleshooting tests.

ACTIVATING THE DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

1. Be sure the dryer is in standby mode (plugged in with all indicators off, or with only the Dry indicator on).
2. Select any one button (except Power/Cancel) and follow the steps below, using the same button (remember the button):

Press/hold 2-5 seconds → Release for 2-5 seconds → Press/hold 2-5 seconds → Release for 2-5 seconds → Press/hold 2-5 seconds

3. If this test mode has been entered successfully, all indicators on the console are illuminated for 5 seconds with *8-88* showing in the Estimated Time Remaining three-digit display. If there are no saved fault codes or active fault codes, all indicators on the console will momentarily turn off, then stay on with *8-88* displayed. Continue with diagnostics.
4. If entry into Diagnostic Test Mode is unsuccessful, choose a different button (except Power/Cancel) and repeat Step 2.
 - If no indicators come on after repeating step 2 using a different button, go to TEST #1, page 4.

DIAGNOSTIC: Active Fault Codes

If there is an active fault code, it will be flashing in the display. Review the Display Fault Codes table, page 3, for the recommended procedure.

If there is no active fault code, *8-88* will be displayed and all of the indicator lights will be turned on.

DIAGNOSTIC: Saved Fault Codes

If there are saved fault codes, the most recent fault code will show "F:" and flash "XX" where XX is the fault code.

Press and release the same button used to activate diagnostics	→ beep tone	→ Second most recent fault code is displayed.
Repeat	→ beep tone	→ Third most recent fault code is displayed.
Repeat	→ beep tone	→ Fourth most recent fault code is displayed.
Repeat	→	All indicators momentarily turn off, then stay on.

DIAGNOSTIC: Console Buttons and Indicators

Pressing buttons and rotating the cycle selector will turn off the corresponding indicator and sound a beep as shown in figure 1, page 2.

- ✓ Pressing Time Adjust (+) will toggle the left digit and colon on the display while sounding a beep.
- ✓ Pressing Time Adjust (-) will toggle the right two digits on the display and the status indicators while sounding a beep.
- ✓ Pressing the Wrinkle Prevent button will activate the Inlet Air Flow Test. See DIAGNOSTIC: Displaying Inlet Air Flow, page 2.
- ✓ Pressing the End Signal button will activate the Line Voltage Test. See DIAGNOSTIC: Displaying Line Voltage, page 2.

→ If indicators fail to come on and beep after pressing buttons and rotating the cycle selector, go to TEST #6, page 7.

DIAGNOSTIC: Door Switch

Opening the door should cause a beep and an alphanumeric number (such as *P-4E*) to be displayed. Closing the door should cause a beep and *8-88* to be displayed.

→ If opening the door fails to cause a beep and a number and letter to be displayed, go to TEST #7, page 7.

NOTE: Opening the door while in Diagnostic Test Mode may not activate the drum light. The light will come on when Start/Pause is pressed, or upon opening the door after the Diagnostic Test Mode has been canceled.

DIAGNOSTIC: Moisture Sensor

1. Open the door and locate two metal strips on the face of the lint screen housing. Using a wet cloth or one finger, jointly touch both strips.
 - If a continuous beep tone is heard and an alphanumeric number is displayed on the console, the sensor is OK.
 - If a continuous beep tone is not heard, or if a continuous beep tone is heard before touching both moisture strips, go to step 2.
2. Check to see if there is water in the dryer around the moisture strips.
 - If no water is present, go to TEST #5, page 6.
 - If water is present, wipe the strips off with a dry cloth and repeat step 1.
 - If wiping the strips does not stop the beeping, run a timed dry cycle for 2 minutes to dry out the drum, then repeat this diagnostic test.

DISPLAY FAULT CODES

The fault codes below would be indicated when attempting to start a drying cycle, or after activating the Diagnostic Test Mode.

DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION	EXPLANATION / RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE
PF	Power Failure	PF flashes to indicate that a power failure occurred while the dryer was running. Press Start/Pause to continue the cycle, or press Power/Cancel to clear the display.
L2	Low/No Line Voltage	L2 flashes if low line voltage (less than 50V) is detected at installation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check to see if a household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped. Confirm the power cord is properly installed and plugged into the power outlet. Check the relay connections on the machine control electronics. See TEST #4, page 5.
RF	Restricted Air Flow Condition	AF flashes if a restricted air flow condition exists. Check to make sure the lint screen is clean, the door seal is in place, and the vent is not obstructed.
F:01	Primary Control Failure	F:01 flashes when there is a primary control failure. Replace the machine control electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
F:02	Keypad/User Interface Failure	F:02 flashes when there is a stuck button or user interface mismatch. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. See TEST #6, page 7.
F:20	Heater Failure	F:20 flashes if no voltage is detected at the heater relay. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check that the wires are plugged in at the relay on the electronic control. This fault code appears ONLY when in the Diagnostic Test Mode.
F:22	Exhaust Thermistor Open	F:22 flashes if the exhaust thermistor is open. See TEST #4a, page 6.
F:23	Exhaust Thermistor Shorted	F:23 flashes if the exhaust thermistor has shorted. See TEST #4a, page 6.
F:24	Inlet Thermistor Open	F:24 flashes if the inlet thermistor is open. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. See TEST #4a, page 6.
F:25	Inlet Thermistor Shorted	F:25 flashes if the inlet thermistor is shorted. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. See TEST #4a, page 6.
F:26	Motor Drive System Failure	F:26 flashes if there is a motor drive system failure. See TEST #3, page 4.
F:28	Moisture Sensor Open	F:28 flashes if the moisture sensor strip is open. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. See TEST #5, page 6.
F:29	Moisture Sensor Shorted	F:29 flashes if the moisture sensor strip has shorted. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. See TEST #5, page 6.
F:30	Restricted Air Flow Condition	F:30 flashes if a restricted air flow condition exists. This fault code will ONLY appear when in the diagnostic test mode. Check to make sure the lint screen is clean, the door seal is in place, and the vent is not obstructed.
F:31	L2 Line Voltage Error	F:31 flashes if a low voltage condition (less than 30 V) has been detected. This fault code appears ONLY when in the Diagnostic Test Mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check to see if a household fuse has blown or a circuit breaker has tripped. Confirm the power cord is properly installed and plugged into the power outlet. Check the relay connections on the electronic control.

DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION	EXPLANATION / RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE
F:50	Water Valve Failure	F:50 flashes if no voltage is detected at the water valve relay. Check that the wires are plugged in on the valve and at the relay on the machine control electronics. See TEST #8, page 7. This fault code appears ONLY when in the diagnostic test mode.
F:70 F:71	No Communication Between Electronic Assemblies	F:70 / F:71 flashes when there is no communication between the machine control and the console electronics. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check console electronics harness connections to the machine control. Replace the machine control electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
F:72 through F:78	Console Electronics Failure	F:72 through F:78 flashes when there is a console electronics failure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace the console electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Some tests will require accessing components. See figure 2, page 4 for component locations.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE / TEST
NOTE: Possible Cause/Tests MUST be performed in the sequence shown for each problem.	
WON'T POWER UP. (No response when buttons are pressed.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Supply connections. See TEST #1, page 4. Check harness connections. User interface assembly. See TEST #6, page 7.
WON'T START CYCLE WHEN START/PAUSE BUTTON IS PRESSED.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If number display flashes, check to be sure the door is completely shut, and press and hold down Start/Pause for about 1 second. See TEST #3, page 4. See TEST #7, page 7.
WON'T SHUT OFF WHEN EXPECTED.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check Power/Cancel button. See TEST #6, page 7. User interface assembly. See TEST #6, page 7. Moisture sensor. See TEST #5, page 6.
CONTROL WON'T ACCEPT SELECTIONS.	User interface assembly. See TEST #6, page 7.
WON'T HEAT.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Heater. See TEST #4, page 5. Check harness connections. See DIAGNOSTIC: Displaying Line Voltage, page 2. Check installation.
HEATS IN AIR CYCLE.	Heater. See TEST #4, page 5.
SHUTS OFF BEFORE CLOTHES ARE DRY.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check the dryness setting for auto cycles. Check for full lint screen. See DIAGNOSTIC: Displaying Inlet Air Flow, page 2. Check for clogged vent. Moisture sensor. See TEST #5, page 6. Dryness adjust. See Adjusting Customer-Focused Drying Modes, page 8.
PUSHING POWER/CANCEL BUTTON CAUSES DRYER TO BEEP, BUT NO INDICATORS LIGHT.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check user interface harness connections to the machine control. Replace machine control electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
WATER NOT DISPENSING.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure a "Steam" cycle is selected. See TEST #8, page 7.

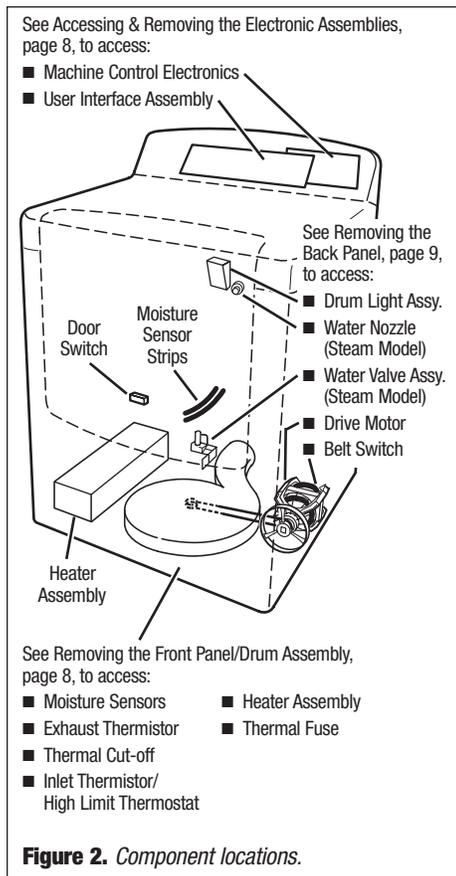


Figure 2. Component locations.

TROUBLESHOOTING TESTS

NOTE: These checks are done with the dryer unplugged or disconnected from power.

TEST #1 Supply Connections

This test should only be done after confirming proper voltage at the outlet.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Remove the cover plate from the back of the dryer. See figure 3.

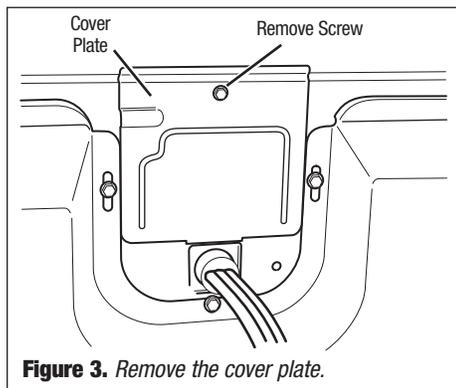


Figure 3. Remove the cover plate.

3. Make sure the power cord is securely fastened to the terminal block.
4. With an ohmmeter, check for continuity between the neutral (N) terminal of the plug and the center contact on the terminal block. See figure 4.

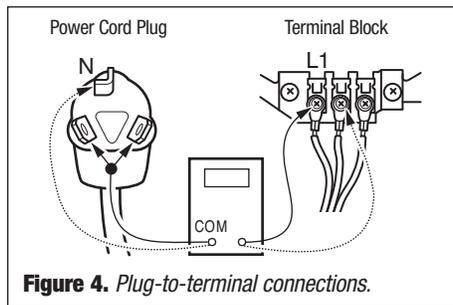


Figure 4. Plug-to-terminal connections.

- If there is no continuity, replace the power cord and test the dryer.
 - If there is continuity, go to step 5.
5. In a similar way, check which terminal of the plug is connected to the left-most contact on the terminal block and make a note of it. This will be L1 (black wire) in the wiring diagram. See figure 4 above and the appropriate wiring diagram. See pages 11 and 12.
 - When this is found, go to step 6.
 - If neither of the plug terminals have continuity with the left-most contact of the terminal block, replace the power cord and test the dryer.
 6. Access the machine control electronics without disconnecting any wiring to the control board. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
 7. With an ohmmeter, check for continuity between the L1 terminal of the plug (found in step 5) and P9-2 (black wire) on the machine control board. See figure 16, page 9.
 - If there is continuity, go to step 8.
 - If there is no continuity, check that wires to the terminal block are mechanically secure. If so, replace the main wire harness and test the dryer.
 8. Check for continuity between the neutral (N) terminal of the plug and P8-3 (white wire) on the machine control board.
 - If there is continuity, go to step 9.
 - If there is no continuity and the mechanical connections of the wire are secure, replace the main wire harness.
 9. Visually check that the P5 connector is inserted all the way into the machine control electronics.
 10. Visually check that the user interface assembly is properly inserted into the front console.
 11. If both visual checks pass, replace the user interface assembly.
 12. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
 13. Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1, to verify repair.
 14. If indicators still do not light, the machine control electronics has failed:
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Replace the machine control electronics.
 - Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
 - Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1 to verify repair.

TEST #2 Machine Control Power Check

This test is used to determine if power is present at the machine control electronics.

NOTE: The drum light is controlled by the machine control on all models.

1. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
2. Open the door.
 - If the drum light illuminates, then power is present at the machine control. Go to TEST #6, page 7.
 - If the drum light fails to illuminate, do not assume the machine control electronics needs replacement. Several conditions may cause the drum light not to illuminate, including a bad bulb. If the drum light does not illuminate, go to TEST #1, at left.

TEST #3 Motor Circuit

This test will check the wiring to the motor and the motor itself. The following items are part of this motor system:

- Harness/connection
- Thermal fuse
- Belt/belt switch
- Drive motor
- Centrifugal switch
- Door switch
- Machine control electronics. See ESD information, page 1.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Access the machine control electronics and measure the resistance across P8-4 and P9-1. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
 - If resistance across P8-4 and P9-1 is in the range of 1 to 6 Ω, replace the machine control electronics.
 - Otherwise, go to step 3.
3. Check the wiring and components in the path between these measurement points by referring to the appropriate wiring diagram. See pages 11 and 12.
4. Perform TEST #4b, page 6. If thermal fuse is OK, continue with step 5.
5. Check the belt switch and drive motor. Access the belt switch and drive motor by removing the back panel. See Removing the Back Panel, page 9. Slowly remove the drum belt from the spring-loaded belt switch tension pulley, gently letting the pulley down. See figure 5.

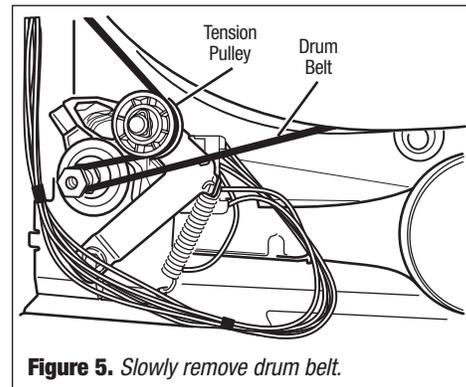


Figure 5. Slowly remove drum belt.

6. Remove the white connector from the drive motor switch. See figure 6.

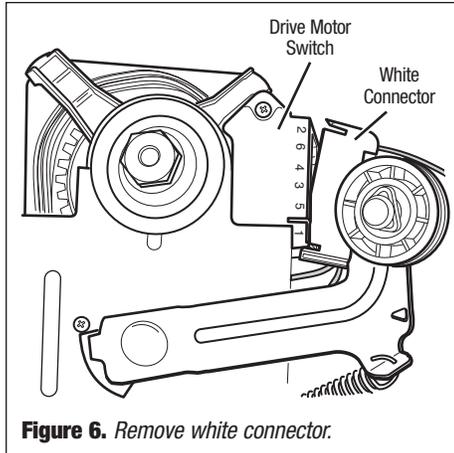


Figure 6. Remove white connector.

7. Remove the bare copper wire terminal from pin 5 of black drive motor switch. See figure 7.

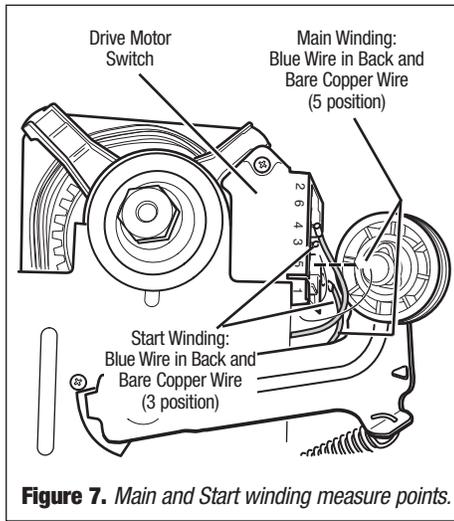


Figure 7. Main and Start winding measure points.

8. Using Figure 7, check for the resistance values of the motor's Main and Start winding coils as shown in the following table.

NOTE: Main and Start winding coils must be checked at the motor.

WINDING	RESISTANCE Ω	CONTACT POINTS OF MEASUREMENT
MAIN	1.4–2.6	Blue wire in back at pin 4 and bare copper wire terminal removed from pin 5 of black drive motor switch
START	1.4–2.8	Blue wire in back at pin 4 and bare copper wire terminal on pin 3 of black drive motor switch

- If the resistance at the motor is correct, there is an open circuit between the motor and machine control electronics. Check for failed belt switch.
- If the Start winding resistance is much greater than 3 Ω, replace the motor.

9. Check the belt switch by measuring resistance between the two blue wires as shown in figure 8, while pushing up the belt switch tension pulley.

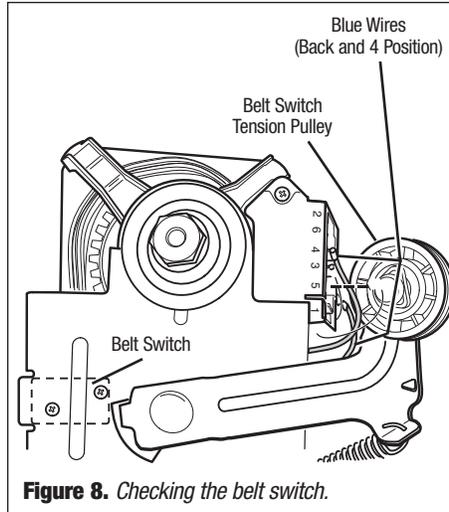


Figure 8. Checking the belt switch.

- If the resistance reading goes from infinity to a few ohms as pulley arm closes the switch, belt switch is OK. If not, replace the belt switch.
- If belt switch is OK and there is still an open circuit, check and repair the wiring harness.

10. Door switch problems can be uncovered by following procedure under DIAGNOSTIC: Door Switch, page 1; however, if this was not done, the following can be done without applying power to the dryer. Connect an ohmmeter across P8-3 (neutral, white wire) and P8-4 (door, tan wire).

- With the door properly closed, the ohmmeter should indicate a closed circuit (0–2 Ω).
- If not, replace the door switch assembly. See figure 11, page 7; and Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8.

TEST #4 Heater

This test is performed when either of the following situations occur:

- ✓ Dryer does not heat
- ✓ Heat will not shut off
- ✓ Display flashes L2

This test checks the components making up the heating circuit. The following items are part of this system:

- Harness/connection
- Heater relay
- Thermal cut-off
- Inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat
- Heat element assembly
- Centrifugal switch
- Exhaust thermistor
- Machine control electronics. See ESD information, page 1.
- User interface assembly

Dryer does not heat or display flashes L2:

Locate the components using figure 2, page 4; and figure 9, following.

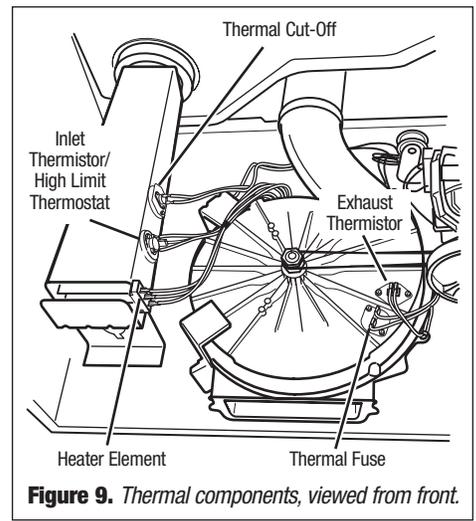


Figure 9. Thermal components, viewed from front.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Remove the front panel and drum assembly to access the thermal components. See Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8.
3. Using an ohmmeter and referring to the appropriate wiring diagram (see pages 11 and 12), measure the resistance across the high limit thermostat.
 - If an open circuit is not detected, go to step 5.
 - If an open circuit is detected, go to step 4.
4. Visually check the wire connections to the thermal cut-off and the high limit thermostat. If connections look good, check for continuity across each of these components. Replace both the thermal cut-off and the inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat assembly if either the thermal cut-off or the high limit thermostat is electrically open.
5. Measure the resistance between the red wires at the heater.
 - If an open circuit is not detected: Go to step 7.
 - If an open circuit is detected, go to step 6.
6. Visually check the wire connections to the heater. If the connections look good, replace the heater assembly.
7. Visually check connections at the machine control electronics. If the connections look good, and an open circuit was not previously detected at the heater, remove the P4 connector, then measure the resistance between P4-3 (red wire) and P4-6 (red wire) at the connector. See figure 16, page 9 for connector location; and Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
 - If 5–15 kΩ are measured, replace the machine control electronics.
 - If the resistance is less than 1 kΩ, replace the exhaust thermistor.

Heat will not shut off:

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Access the machine control electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8. Remove the P4 connector. See figure 16, page 9 for connector location; then measure the resistance between P4-3 (red wire) and P4-6 (red wire) at the connector.
 - If 5–15 kΩ are measured, replace the machine control electronics.
 - If the resistance is greater than 20 kΩ, replace the exhaust thermistor.

TEST #4a Thermistors

EXHAUST THERMISTOR

The machine control electronics monitors the exhaust temperature using the exhaust thermistor, and cycles the heater relay on and off to maintain the desired temperature.

Begin with an empty dryer and a clean lint screen.

1. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
2. Start the Timed Dry cycle.
3. If after 60 seconds, *F-22* or *F-23* flashes in the display and the dryer shuts off, the thermistor or wire harness is either open or shorted.
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Check wire connections at the machine control electronics and thermistor. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8; and for thermistor location, figure 9, page 5.
 - If wire connections are OK, check the exhaust thermistor resistance per step 5.
4. If *F-22* or *F-23* does not flash in the display, the connections to the thermistor are good. Therefore, check the exhaust temperature value at any or all of the temperature levels in question, using the Timed Dry cycle, and the following process:

Hold a glass bulb thermometer capable of reading from 90° to 180°F (32° to 82°C) in the center of the exhaust outlet. The correct exhaust temperatures are as follows:

EXHAUST TEMPERATURES		
TEMPERATURE SETTING	HEAT TURNS OFF* °F (°C)	HEAT TURNS ON °F (°C)
Regular	155°±5° (68°±3°)	10°–15° (6°–8°) below the heat turn off temperature
Medium	140°±5° (60°±3°)	
Low	125°±5° (52°±3°)	
Extra Low	105°±5° (41°±3°)	

* The measured overshoot using the glass bulb thermometer in the exhaust outlet can be 30°F (17°C) higher.

5. If the exhaust temperature is not within specified limits, or you have come here from step 3, remove the P4 connector, then measure the resistance between P4-3 (red wire) and P4-6 (red wire) at the connector. See figure 16, page 9 for connector location; and Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8.
 - If the resistance is OK, check P4-3 and P4-6 to machine ground.
 - If resistance is greater than 0 (zero), replace wiring harness.

NOTE: All thermistor resistance measurements must be made while dryer is disconnected from power.

The following table gives temperatures and ranges for the associated thermistor resistance values.

EXHAUST THERMISTOR RESISTANCE			
TEMP. °F (°C)	RES. kΩ	TEMP. °F (°C)	RES. kΩ
50° (10°)	19.0–22.0	80° (27°)	8.5–10.5
60° (16°)	14.8–16.8	90° (32°)	6.8–8.8
70° (21°)	11.5–13.5	100° (38°)	5.0–7.0

- If the thermistor resistance does not agree with table, replace the exhaust thermistor.
- If the thermistor resistance checks agree with the measurements in the table, replace the machine control electronics.

INLET THERMISTOR

The machine control electronics monitors the inlet temperature using an inlet thermistor that is part of the inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat assembly.

1. Activate the diagnostic test mode. See procedure on page 1.
2. If *F-24* or *F-25* is a displayed error in the diagnostic test mode, the thermistor or wire harness is either open or shorted.
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Check wire connections at the machine control electronics and inlet thermistor. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8, and for inlet thermistor location see figure 9, page 5.
 - If wire connections are good, remove the wires from the inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat assembly and replace the assembly.
 - Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
3. If *F-24* or *F-25* is not an error that is displayed in the diagnostic test mode, the connections to the thermistor are good. Therefore, check the thermistor's resistance value, using the following process:
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Access the heater assembly. See figure 2, page 4; and Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8.
 - Hold a glass bulb thermometer capable of reading from 68° to 176°F (20° to 80°C) in the heater assembly.
 - Check the resistance of the inlet thermistor. See figure 9, page 5 for location.

INLET THERMISTOR RESISTANCE			
TEMP. °F (°C)	RES. kΩ	TEMP. °F (°C)	RES. kΩ
68° (20°)	61.2–63.7	131° (55°)	14.6–15.3
77° (25°)	49.0–51.0	140° (60°)	12.1–12.8
86° (30°)	39.5–41.1	149° (65°)	10.2–10.7
95° (35°)	32.0–33.3	158° (70°)	8.5–9.0
104° (40°)	26.1–27.2	167° (75°)	7.2–7.6
113° (45°)	21.4–22.3	176° (80°)	6.1–6.5
122° (50°)	17.6–18.5		

The table above shows the resistance values that should be observed for the various temperatures at the heater assembly.

- If the thermistor resistance does not agree with the measurements in the table, replace the inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat assembly.

→ If the thermistor resistance agrees with the measurements in the table, replace the machine control electronics.

TEST #4b Thermal Fuse

The thermal fuse is wired in series with the dryer drive motor.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Access the thermal fuse by first removing the front panel. See Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8; and for thermal fuse location, see figure 9, page 5.
3. Using an ohmmeter, check the continuity across the thermal fuse.
 - If the ohmmeter indicates an open circuit, replace the failed thermal fuse.

TEST #4c Thermal Cut-Off

If the dryer does not produce heat, check the status of the thermal cut-off.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Access the thermal cut-off by first removing the front panel and drum assembly. See Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8.
3. Using an ohmmeter, check the continuity across the thermal cut-off. See figure 9, page 5, for location.
 - If the ohmmeter indicates an open circuit, replace the failed thermal cut-off and inlet thermistor/high limit thermostat assembly. In addition, check for blocked or improper exhaust system, or failed heat element.

TEST #5 Moisture Sensor

NOTE: This test is started with the machine completely assembled.

This test is performed when an automatic cycle stops too soon, or runs much longer than expected.

NOTE: Dryer will shut down automatically after 2½ hours.

The following items are part of this system:

- Harness/connection
- Metal sensor strips
- Machine control electronics. See ESD information, page 1.

1. Activate the diagnostic test mode and advance past saved fault codes. See procedure on page 1.
2. Open the dryer door. If a continuous beep tone is heard and an alphanumeric number is displayed on the console as soon as the door is opened, a short circuit exists in the moisture sensor system.
 - If this doesn't happen, go to step 3.
 - Otherwise, go to step 4.
- NOTE:** Over drying may be caused by a short circuit in the sensor system.
3. Locate the two metal sensor strips on the face of the lint screen housing. Using a wet cloth or one finger, jointly touch both strips.
 - If a continuous beep tone is heard and a software revision number is displayed on the console, the sensor passes the test. Go to step 8.
 - If a beep tone is not heard, or a continuous beep tone is heard before touching both moisture strips, continue with step 4.

4. Access the moisture sensor wires by removing the front panel. See Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8. Disconnect the sensor connector. See figure 10.

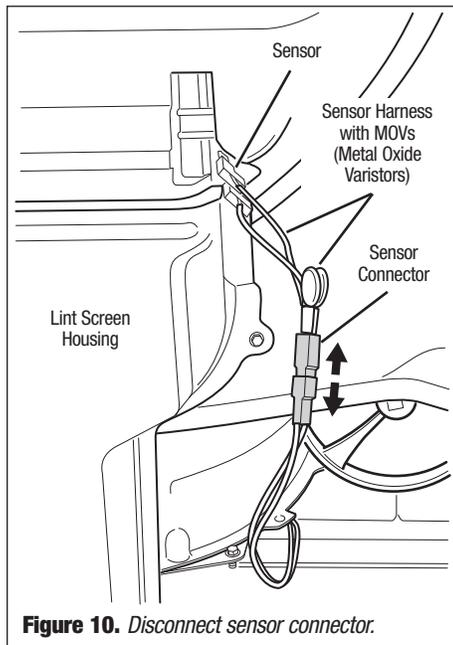
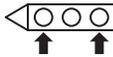


Figure 10. Disconnect sensor connector.

5. Access the machine control electronics. See Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8. Remove the connector P13 from the circuit board. Check the main harness connections between the sensor connector and machine control for a short or open circuit.
→ Replace the main harness if necessary.
→ If harness is OK, continue with step 6.

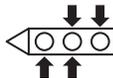
6. Measure the resistance across the outermost contacts of the sensor connector that includes the two MOVs.



- If a small resistance is measured, check for debris across moisture strips inside the drum; clean if debris is present. If debris is not present, replace the sensor harness with MOVs.

- If a small resistance is not measured, continue with step 7.

7. Measure the resistance across each of the outermost contacts and the center terminal (ground connection).



- If a resistance less than infinity is measured, replace the sensor harness with MOVs.

8. If moisture sensor diagnostic test passes, check the thermistor: Perform TEST #4a, page 6.
→ If the problem persists after replacing the moisture sensor harness with MOVs and the thermistor, replace the machine control electronics.

TEST #6 Buttons and Indicators

This test is performed when any of the following situations occurs during the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic Test, page 1:

- ✓ None of the indicators light up
- ✓ No beep sound is heard
- ✓ Some buttons do not light indicators

None of the indicators light up:

1. See Diagnostic Guide/Before Servicing... on page 1.
2. Perform TEST #1, page 4 to verify supply connections.
3. Perform TEST #2, page 4.
4. Perform steps in Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8 and visually check that the P5 connector is inserted all the way into the machine control electronics.
5. Visually check that the user interface assembly is properly inserted into the front console.
6. If both visual checks pass, replace the user interface assembly.
7. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
8. Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1 to verify repair.
9. If indicators still do not light, the machine control electronics has failed:
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Replace the machine control electronics.
 - Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
 - Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1 to verify repair.

No beep sound is heard:

1. Perform steps in Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8 and visually check that the P5 connector is inserted all the way into the machine control electronics.
→ If visual check passes, replace the user interface assembly.
2. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
3. Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1 to verify repair.
4. If replacing the user interface assembly failed:
 - Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
 - Replace the machine control electronics.
 - Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
 - Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostic test, page 1 to verify repair.

Some buttons do not light indicators:

1. Perform steps in Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8 and visually check the user interface assembly connections.
→ If visual check passes, replace the user interface assembly.
2. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
3. Perform the Console Buttons and Indicators Diagnostics test, page 1 to verify repair.

TEST #7 Door Switch

Activate the diagnostic test mode as shown on page 1, and perform the Door Switch Diagnostic test, page 1. Functionality is verified with a beep each time the door is closed and opened, and an alphanumeric number appears in the display.

If any of these conditions are not met:

- Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
- Check that the wires between the door switch and machine control electronics are connected. See figure 11 for switch location and see Removing the Front Panel/Drum Assembly, page 8.
- If the connections are OK, replace the door switch assembly and retest.
- If the door switch assembly has been replaced and dryer still does not start, replace the machine control electronics.

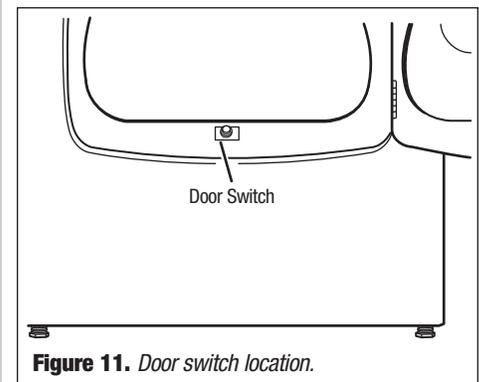


Figure 11. Door switch location.

TEST #8 Water Valve (Steam Model)

Activate the Diagnostics Test Mode as shown in Activating the Diagnostics Test Mode, page 1. Press Start/Pause and verify that water is being sprayed in the drum.

If no water is sprayed in the drum:

1. Check that the water is hooked up and turned on.
2. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
3. Perform steps in Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies, page 8, and check that the wires are connected to the water valve relay on the machine control electronics.
4. Inside the drum, unscrew and replace the water nozzle using a 7/16" wrench or socket.
5. Remove the back panel as shown in Removing the Back Panel, page 9, then:
 - Check that the wires and hose are connected to the water valve assembly. See figure 12, page 8.
 - Check that the water valve assembly hose is connected to the nozzle.
 - If everything is hooked up, then replace the water valve assembly.
6. Replace the back panel.
7. Plug in dryer or reconnect power.
8. Activate the Diagnostic Test Mode as shown in Activating the Diagnostic Test Mode, page 1. Press Start/Pause and verify that water is being sprayed in the drum.

9. If water is still not dispensed:
 - Unplug or disconnect dryer.
 - Replace the machine control electronics as shown in "Accessing & Removing the Electronic Assemblies", at right.

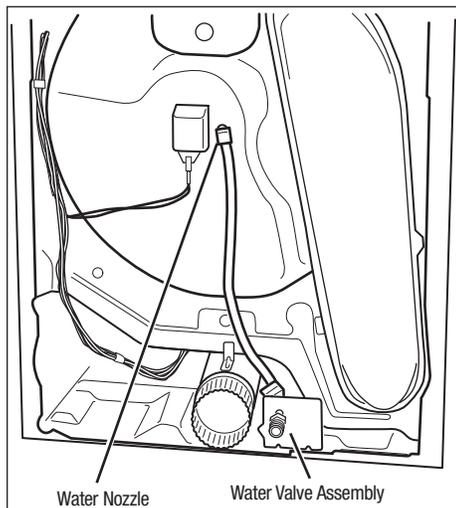


Figure 12. Water valve.

ADJUSTING CUSTOMER-FOCUSED DRYING MODES

NOTE: If the customer is complaining about the clothes being damp and the moisture sensor passes TEST #5, step 3, the total dry time can be lengthened by changing from a "CF1" (standard auto cycle) to a "CF2" (15% more drying time) or "CF3" (30% more drying time) auto cycle.

1. In Standby mode (dryer plugged in but not powered up), press and hold the Dryness Level button for 5 seconds. The dryer will beep and the current drying mode will be seen on the display. The factory default value is "CF1".
2. To select a different drying mode, press the Dryness Level button again. The dryer display will flash and show CF2, CF3, or CF1.
3. With the display flashing the selected auto cycle mode, press the Start/Pause button to save the drying mode and exit diagnostics (the Start/Pause button in this mode does not start a drying cycle). The result will be stored in EEPROM of the control board, and will be retained after a power loss.
4. Press the Power/Cancel button at any time to cancel changes and exit from this mode.

RESETTING THE MODIFIERS AND OPTIONS TO FACTORY DEFAULT

To return all options and modifiers to factory defaults, select the timed dry cycle, then press WRINKLE PREVENT, DAMP DRY SIGNAL, WRINKLE PREVENT, DAMP DRY SIGNAL, within 5 seconds. When done correctly, the 7-segment display will show "Fd" and the buzzer will sound a tone for 3 seconds, before returning to Standby Mode.

REMOVING THE FRONT PANEL/DRUM ASSEMBLY

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Open the door.
3. Push on the retaining clips located under top of dryer on the right and left side using a flat object such as a putty knife. See figure 13.

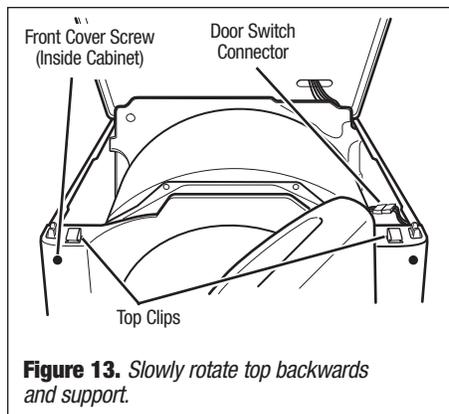


Figure 13. Slowly rotate top backwards and support.

4. Slowly rotate top backwards and lean against wall, or support with a prop rod.
5. Disconnect the door switch wire harness located on the right side. See figure 13.
6. Remove the front panel/door assembly by removing the two front cover screws at the top of the panel inside the cabinet, and lifting upward.
7. Disconnect the moisture sensor connections. See figure 10, page 7.
8. Remove the lint screen.
9. Remove the lint screen housing by removing the four screws holding the lint screen housing. See figure 14.
10. Remove the front bulkhead by loosening the upper two screws and removing the lower two screws. See figure 14.

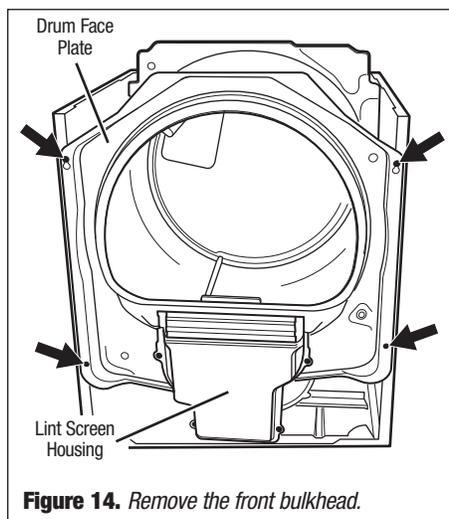


Figure 14. Remove the front bulkhead.

11. Lower components can be accessed at this time; however, if the drum is to be removed, the belt must be removed. See TEST #3, step 5, page 4.

Reinstalling the Front Panel/Drum Assembly

Refer to preceding removal sections and replace in reverse order.

NOTE: Make sure to reconnect the moisture sensor wire connections.

ACCESSING & REMOVING THE ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES

There are two electronic assemblies: the machine control electronics and the user interface electronics. See figures 15 and 16.

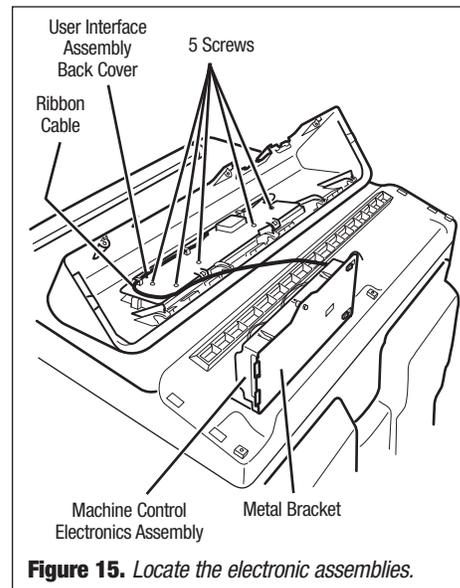


Figure 15. Locate the electronic assemblies.

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Remove three screws from the rear of the console assembly. Pull console towards front of dryer to hinge open and/or remove console.

Removing the Machine Control Electronics

3. Remove the wire connections to the machine control assembly.
4. Remove the one screw holding the machine control assembly to the metal bracket. See figure 15.
5. Push in on the tab located on the back of the machine control to slide it off the bracket.

Removing the User Interface Assembly

3. Remove the wire connection from the machine control electronics. See figure 15, page 8.
4. Remove the cycle selector knob from the front of the console by firmly pulling on it or gently prying straight upward.
5. The user interface assembly is held to the console insert panel by five screws. Once the screws are removed, the user interface assembly can be removed from the plastic housing. See figure 15, page 8.

Reinstalling the Electronic Assemblies

Refer to preceding removal sections and replace in reverse order.

NOTE: When replacing the cycle selector switch, make sure that the shaft is positioned through the center of the shaft seal that is captive between the decorative overlay and the console panel insert.

NOTE: When reconnecting wire connections, be sure to route the user interface wires beneath the retainer clips on the user interface back cover.

REMOVING THE BACK PANEL

1. Unplug dryer or disconnect power.
2. Remove the cover plate screw and cover plate. See figure 17.
3. Remove the nine rear screws from the back panel, then remove panel.

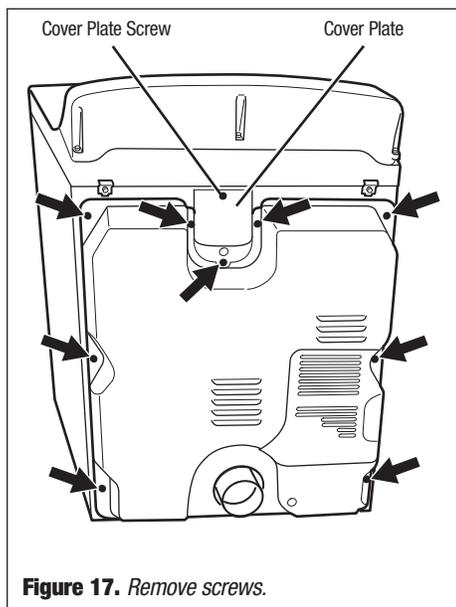


Figure 17. Remove screws.

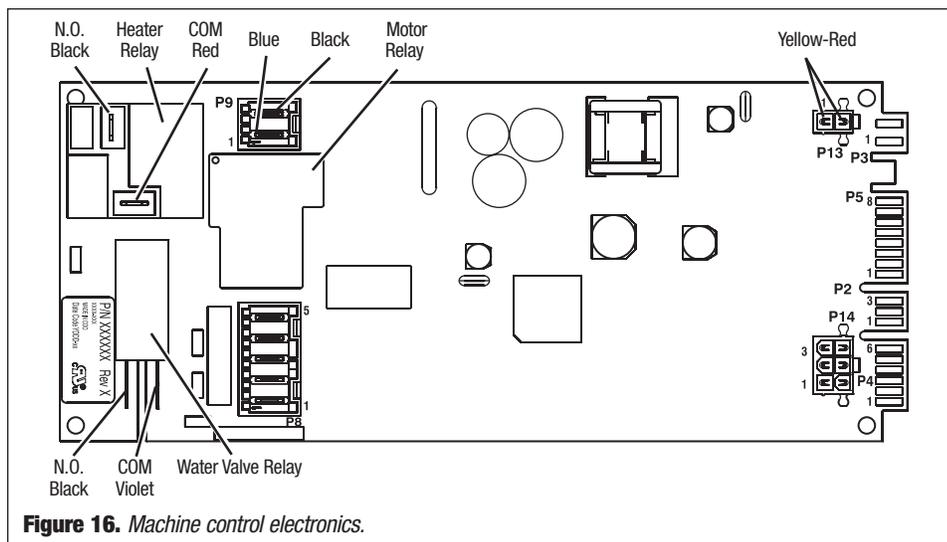


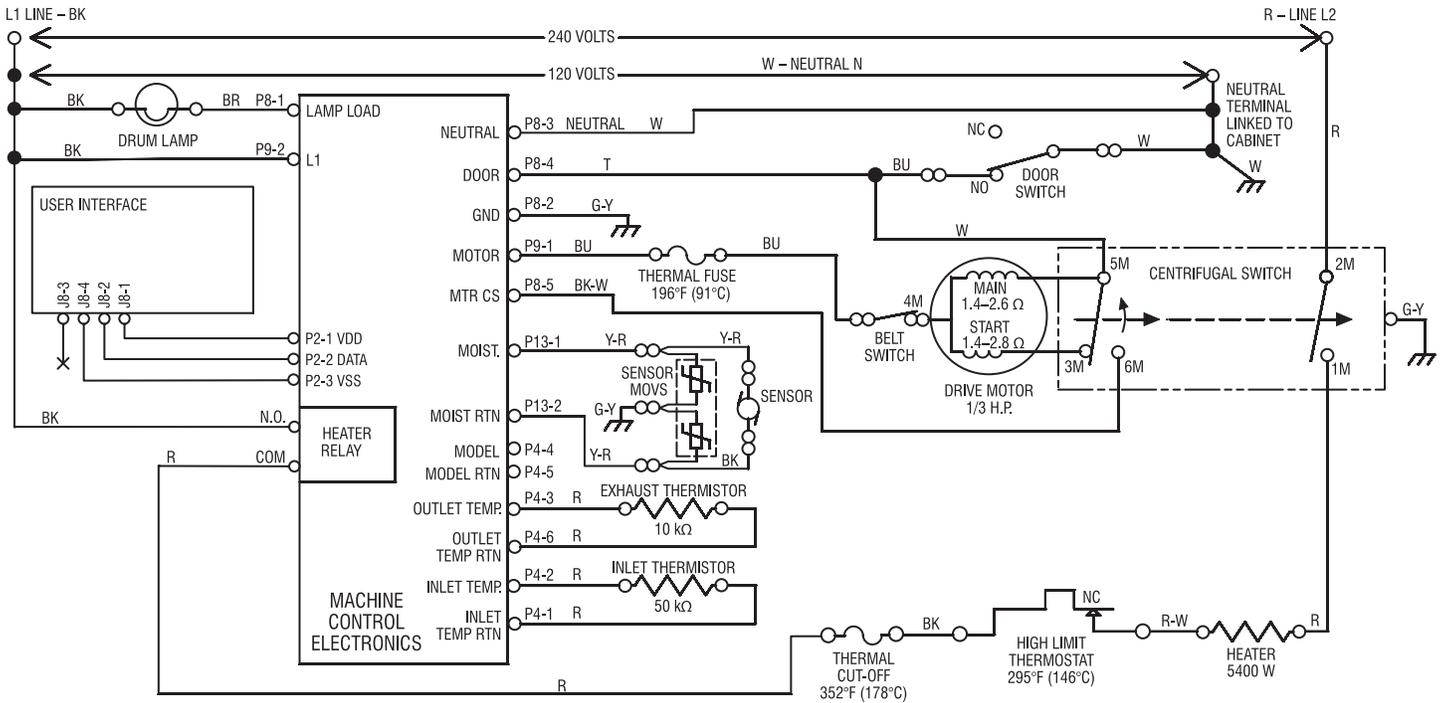
Figure 16. Machine control electronics.

NOTES

ELECTRIC DRYER WIRING DIAGRAM

IMPORTANT: Electrostatic (static electricity) discharge may cause damage to machine control electronics. See page 1 for details.

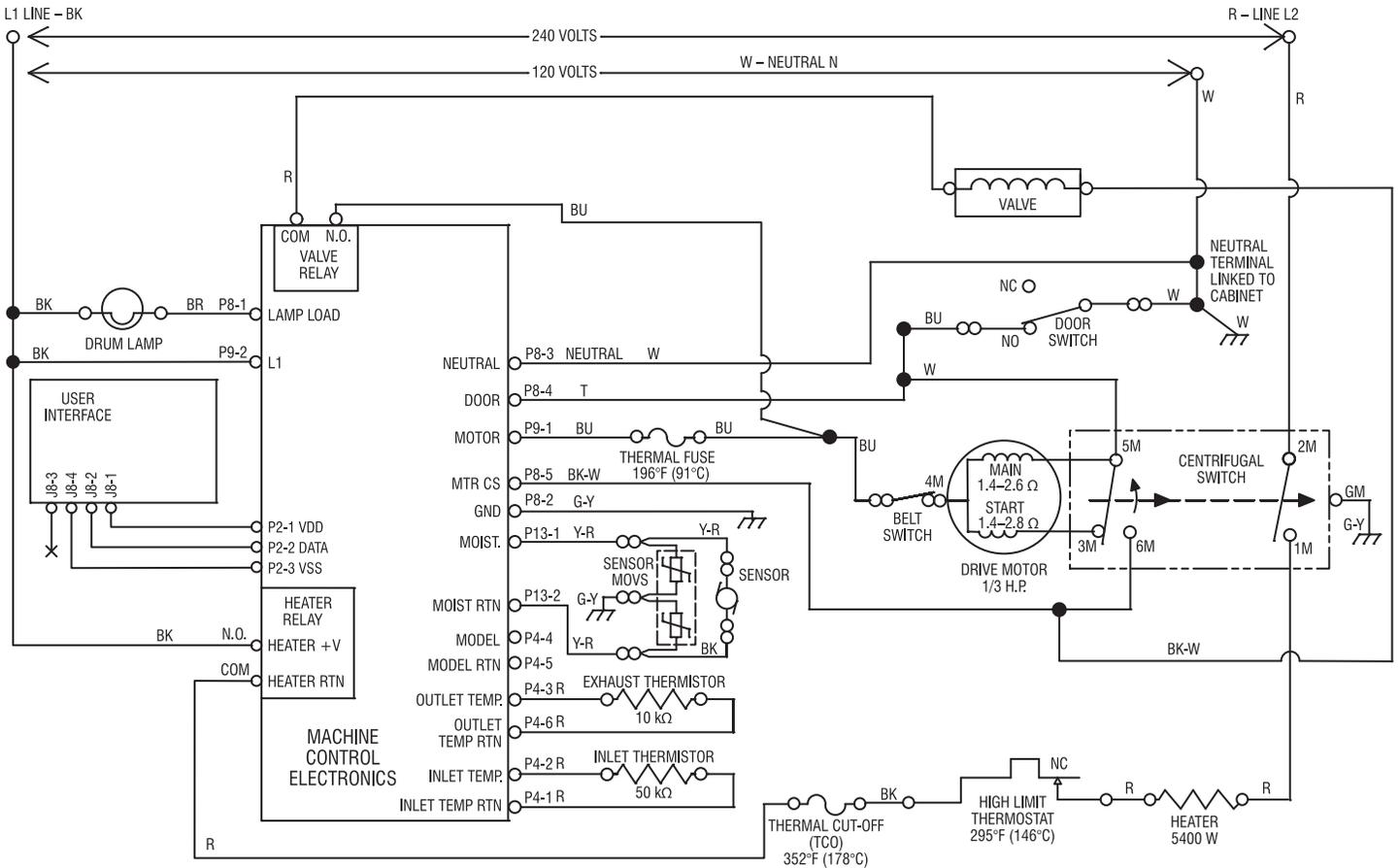
NON-STEAM MODEL



ELECTRIC DRYER WIRING DIAGRAM

IMPORTANT: Electrostatic (static electricity) discharge may cause damage to machine control electronics. See page 1 for details.

STEAM MODEL

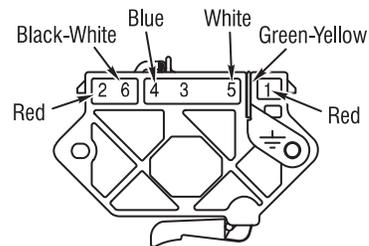


CENTRIFUGAL SWITCH (MOTOR)

Function	Contacts				
	1M	2M	3M	5M	6M
Start			●	●	
Run	●	●		●	●

● = Contacts closed

PLUGGABLE DRIVE MOTOR SWITCH



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OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENTS:

4,669,200	4,989,347	6,446,357	D314,261
4,700,495	5,066,050	6,597,144	D314,262
4,754,556	5,560,120	6,604,298	D457,991
4,840,285	5,809,828	6,685,241	D457,992
4,865,366	6,020,698	6,732,447	D495,453
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4,908,959	6,199,300	6,819,255	